The Senate Finance Committee offered the following substitute to HB 1000:

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

To amend Title 48 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to revenue and taxation, so as to provide for setoff debt collection against state income tax refunds for debts owed to courts; to provide for a revision of setoff debt collection policies and systems relating to state income tax refunds; to provide for definitions, procedures, conditions, and limitations; to provide for related matters; to provide for an effective date; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

8 SECTION 1.

Title 48 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to revenue and taxation, is amended by revising Article 7 of Chapter 7, relating to setoff debt collection, as follows:

11 "ARTICLE 7

12 48-7-160.

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The purpose of this article is to establish a policy and to provide a system whereby all claimant agencies <u>and courts</u> of this state in conjunction with the department shall cooperate in identifying debtors who owe money to the state through its various claimant agencies <u>or courts</u> and who qualify for refunds from the department. It is also the purpose of this article to establish procedures for setting off against any such refund the sum of any debt owed to the <u>state claimant agencies or courts</u>. It is the intent of the General Assembly that this article be liberally construed to effectuate these purposes.

- 20 48-7-161.
- As used in this article, the term:
- 22 (1) 'Claimant agency' means and includes, in the order of priority set forth below:

23 (A) The Department of Human Services and the Department of Behavioral Health and 24 Developmental Disabilities with respect to collection of debts under Article 1 of 25 Chapter 11 of Title 19, Code Section 49-4-15, and Chapter 9 of Title 37;

- (B) The Georgia Student Finance Authority with respect to the collection of debts arising under Part 3 of Article 7 of Chapter 3 of Title 20;
- (C) The Georgia Higher Education Assistance Corporation with respect to the collection of debts arising under Part 2 of Article 7 of Chapter 3 of Title 20;
- (D) The Georgia Board for Physician Workforce with respect to the collection of debts arising under Part 6 of Article 7 of Chapter 3 of Title 20;
- (E) The Department of Labor with respect to the collection of debts arising under Code Sections 34-8-254 and 34-8-255 and Article 5 of Chapter 8 of Title 34, with the exception of Code Sections 34-8-158 through 34-8-161; provided, however, that the Department of Labor establishes that the debtor has been afforded required due process rights by such Department of Labor with respect to the debt and all reasonable collection efforts have been exhausted;
- (F) The Department of Corrections with respect to probation fees arising under Code Section 42-8-34 and restitution or reparation ordered by a court as a part of the sentence imposed on a person convicted of a crime who is in the legal custody of the department;
- (G) The State Board of Pardons and Paroles with respect to restitution imposed on a person convicted of a crime and subject to the jurisdiction of the board; and
- (H) The Department of Juvenile Justice with respect to restitution imposed on a juvenile for a delinquent act which would constitute a crime if committed by an adult.
- (2) 'Court' means all trial courts in this state, including but not limited to the superior, state, juvenile, magistrate, probate, and municipal courts, whether called mayor's courts, recorder's courts, police courts, civil courts, or traffic courts, and miscellaneous and special courts.
- $\frac{(2)}{(3)}$ 'Debt' means:

- (A) Any any liquidated sum due and owing any claimant agency, which sum has accrued through contract, subrogation, tort, or operation of law regardless of whether there is an outstanding judgment for the sum, any sum which is due and owing any person and is enforceable by the Department of Human Services pursuant to subsection (b) of Code Section 19-11-8, or any sum of restitution or reparation due pursuant to a sentence imposed on a person convicted of a crime and sentenced to restitution or reparation and probation; or
- (B) Any liquidated sum that constitutes any and all court costs, surcharges, and fines for which there is an outstanding court judgment.

(3)(4) 'Debtor' means any individual owing money to or having a delinquent account with any claimant agency <u>or court</u>, which obligation has not been adjudicated as satisfied by court order, set aside by court order, or discharged in bankruptcy.

- (4)(5) 'Refund' means the Georgia income tax refund which the department determines to be due any individual taxpayer.
- 64 48-7-162.

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- The collection remedy authorized by this article is in addition to and not in substitution for any other remedy available by law.
- 67 <u>48-7-162.1.</u>
- (a) Submission of debts through the Administrative Office of the Courts shall be the sole
 manner through which debts owed to courts may be submitted to the department for
- 70 collection under this article.
- 71 (b) Any claim submitted by a court through the Administrative Office of the Courts shall
- be subordinate to all claims submitted by claimant agencies.
- 73 48-7-163.
- 74 (a) A claimant agency or the Administrative Office of the Courts may submit any debt or
- debts when each such debt is in excess of \$25.00 owed in accordance with Code Section
- 76 48-7-161 to the department for collection through setoff under the procedure procedures
- established by this article, except in cases where the validity of the debt is legitimately in
- dispute, an alternate means of collection is pending and believed to be adequate, or such
- 79 collection would result in a loss of federal funds or federal assistance.
- 80 (b) Upon request of a claimant agency or the Administrative Office of the Courts, the
- department shall set off any refund as defined in Code Section 48-7-161 against the debt
- certified by the claimant agency or the Administrative Office of the Courts as provided in
- this article.
- 84 (c) An administrative collection assistance fee shall be imposed on each such debt
- 85 <u>submitted by the Administrative Office of the Courts to the department to recover the costs</u>
- 86 incurred by the Administrative Office of the Courts and the department in collecting debts
- 87 <u>under this article. The fee shall be in addition to the debt to be set off and shall be fixed</u>
- 88 such that the proceeds of the fee shall not exceed the total direct and indirect costs to the
- 89 Administrative Office of the Courts and the department for administering such debt setoff
- 90 <u>collection</u>. In no event shall the amount of such fee exceed \$20.00 per debt. The
- 91 Administrative Office of the Courts shall reimburse the department from the proceeds of

such fee based upon the actual costs incurred by the department. Such proceeds shall be retained and expended pursuant to Code Section 45-12-92.1.

94 48-7-164.

- (a)(1) Within a time frame specified by the department, a claimant agency seeking to collect a debt through setoff shall supply the information necessary to identify each debtor whose refund is sought to be set off, including but not limited to such debtor's social security number, and shall certify the amount of the debt or debts owed by each debtor.
- (2) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall supply the information necessary to identify each debtor whose refund is sought to be set off, including but not limited to such debtor's social security number, and shall certify the amount of the debt or debts owed by each debtor.
- (3) The department may rely upon the certification by a claimant agency or the Administrative Office of the Courts that the debt is valid and owed by the debtor and that such debt may be validly collected by the department under this article. No employee or agent of the department shall be liable to any person for collecting any such debt that was not valid and owed by the debtor.
- (b)(1) If a debtor identified by a claimant agency or the Administrative Office of the Courts is determined by the department to be entitled to a refund of at least \$25.00, the department shall transfer an amount equal to the refund owed, not to exceed the amount of the claimed debt certified, to the claimant agency or the Administrative Office of the Courts. When the refund owed exceeds the claimed debt and administrative collection assistance fee, the department shall send the excess amount to the debtor within a reasonable time after the excess is determined.
- (2) When the amount of the setoff available for claims is insufficient for the combined total of the claims filed by courts, distribution of the available setoff funds shall be made in the order of the date each court claim is received by the Administrative Office of the Courts. Such claim shall remain active until sufficient additional setoff funds become available to set off the remainder of the debt or until the claims themselves expire by law.

 (3) If the department is able to collect only part of a debt through setoff under this article, the administrative collection assistance fees shall have priority over the remainder of the debt.
- (c) At the time of the transfer of funds to a claimant agency or the Administrative Office of the Courts pursuant to subsection (b) of this Code section, the department shall notify the taxpayer or taxpayers whose refund is sought to be set off and the claimant agency or the Administrative Office of the Courts that the transfer has been made. The notice shall

clearly set forth the name of the debtor, the manner in which the debt arose, the amount of the claimed debt, the transfer of funds to the claimant agency or the Administrative Office of the Courts pursuant to subsection (b) of this Code section and the intention to set off the refund against the debt, the amount of the refund in excess of the claimed debt, the taxpayer's opportunity to give written notice to contest the setoff within 30 days of the date of mailing of the notice, the name and mailing address of the claimant agency or the Administrative Office of the Courts to which the application for a hearing must be sent, and the fact that failure to apply for a hearing in writing within the 30 day period will be deemed a waiver of the opportunity to contest the setoff. In the case of a joint return, the notice shall also state the name of any taxpayer named in the return against whom no debt is claimed, the fact that a debt is not claimed against such taxpayer, the fact that such taxpayer is entitled to receive a refund if it is due him or her regardless of the debt asserted against his <u>or her</u> spouse, and that in order to obtain a refund due him <u>or her</u> such taxpayer must apply in writing for a hearing with the claimant agency or the Administrative Office of the Courts named in the notice within 30 days of the date of the mailing of the notice. If a taxpayer fails to apply in writing for a hearing within 30 days of the mailing of the notice, he or she will have waived his or her opportunity to contest the setoff.

- (d) Upon receipt of funds transferred from the department pursuant to subsection (b) of this Code section, the claimant agency or the Administrative Office of the Courts shall deposit and hold the funds in an escrow account until a final determination of the validity of the debt. Any interest accruing on proceeds in such escrow account shall not constitute any part of the setoff funds being held in escrow and shall be retained by the claimant agency or the Administrative Office of the Courts to cover administrative costs.
- (e) The claimant agency shall pay the department for all costs incurred by the department in setting off debts in the manner provided in this article.

48-7-165.

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- (a)(1) If the claimant agency receives written application contesting the setoff or the sum upon which the setoff is based, it shall grant a hearing to the taxpayer to determine whether the setoff is proper or the sum is valid according to the procedures established under Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act.' If the sum asserted as due and owing is not correct, an adjustment of the claimed debt shall be made.
- (2) A request for a hearing pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code to contest the collection of past-due support may be consolidated with a request for a hearing under paragraph (1) of this subsection. If the sum asserted as due and owing is not correct, an adjustment of the claimed debt shall be made.

(b) The hearing established by subsection (a) of this Code section shall be in lieu of a hearing before the department to determine the validity of the debt or the propriety of the setoff.

- (c) No issues which have been previously litigated shall be considered at the hearing.
- (d) Appeals from actions taken at the hearing allowed under this Code section shall be in accordance with Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act.'

<u>48-7-165.1.</u>

- (a)(1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (d) of this Code section, if the Administrative Office of the Courts receives written notice from the debtor contesting the setoff or the sum upon which the setoff is based within 30 days of the debtor being notified of the debt setoff, the Administrative Office of the Courts shall notify the court to whom the debt is owed that the sum due and owing shall not be disbursed pursuant to this article until the court to whom the debt is owed has granted a hearing to the debtor and obtained a final determination on the debt under this Code section and provided evidence of such final determination to the Administrative Office of the Courts. Such sum due and owing shall not be disbursed to the debtor or the court to whom the debt is owed prior to such final determination.
- (2) The hearing required under this Code section shall be conducted after notice of such hearing is provided to the debtor by certified mail or personal service. When personal service is utilized, such personal service shall be made by the officers of the court designated by the judges of that court or any other officers authorized by law to serve process.
- (b)(1) The officers of the court designated by the judges of that court submitting debts to the Administrative Office of the Courts shall appoint a hearing officer for the purpose of conducting hearings under this Code section. The officers of the court shall adopt appropriate procedures to govern the conducting of hearings by the hearing officer. A written or electronic copy of such procedures shall be provided to a debtor immediately upon the receipt of notice from a debtor under subsection (a) of this Code section.
- (2) Issues that have been previously litigated shall not be considered at a hearing. The hearing officer shall determine whether the debt is owed to the court and the amount of the debt. Such determination shall be in writing and shall be provided to the debtor and the Administrative Office of the Courts within five days after the date the hearing is conducted.
- (3) If the debtor or the court disagrees with the determination of the hearing officer, either party may appeal that determination by filing a petition in the superior court not later than ten days following the date of the hearing officer's written determination. The

superior court judge shall conduct a hearing and shall render a final determination in writing and shall transmit a copy to the hearing officer, the debtor, and the Administrative Office of the Courts not later than ten days after the date of that hearing.

- (4) The losing party to such proceeding as provided for in paragraph (3) of this subsection shall pay any filing fees and costs of service, except that the officers of the court designated by the judges of that court shall be authorized to waive such fees and costs. The court submitting the debt to the Administrative Office of the Courts shall be responsible for attorneys' fees of the debtor who is contesting the setoff in cases where the superior court finds in favor of the debtor.
- (c) If a court submits a debt for collection under this article following final determination of the debt in accordance with this Code section and the Administrative Office of the Courts is notified by the department that no refund proceeds are available or sufficient for setoff of the entire debt, such claim shall remain valid until sufficient refund proceeds are available for setoff as provided in subsection (b) of Code Section 48-7-164 and are not subject to further appeal.

48-7-166.

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(a)(1) Upon final determination of the amount of the debt due and owing by means of the hearing provided by Code Section 48-7-165 or by the taxpayer's default through failure to comply with subsection (c) of Code Section 48-7-164, the claimant agency shall remove the amount of the debt due and owing from the escrow account established pursuant to Code Section 48-7-164 and shall credit the amount to the debtor's obligation. (2) Upon final determination of the amount of the debt due and owing as provided by Code Section 48-7-165.1, or by the taxpayer's default through failure to comply with subsection (c) of Code Section 48-7-164, the Administrative Office of the Courts shall remove the amount of the debt due and owing from the escrow account established pursuant to Code Section 48-7-164 and shall credit the amount to the debtor's obligation. (b) Upon transfer of the debt due and owing from the escrow account to the credit of the debtor's account, the claimant agency or the Administrative Office of the Courts shall notify the debtor in writing of the finalization of the setoff. The department shall prepare a notice for use by the claimant agency or the Administrative Office of the Courts. Such notice shall include a final accounting of the refund which was set off, including the amount of the refund to which the debtor was entitled prior to setoff, the amount of the debt due and owing, the amount of the refund in excess of the debt which has been returned to the debtor by the department pursuant to subsection (b) of Code Section 48-7-164, and the amount of the funds transferred to the claimant agency or the Administrative Office of the Courts pursuant to Code Section 48-7-164 in excess of the debt finally determined to be

due and owing at a hearing held pursuant to Code Section 48-7-165 or 48-7-165.1, if such a hearing was held or the amount of the funds transferred to the Administrative Office of the Courts pursuant to Code Section 48-7-164 is in excess of the debt finally determined to be due and owing pursuant to Code Section 48-7-165.1 as determined in the filing of an appeal. At such time, the claimant agency or the Administrative Office of the Courts shall refund to the debtor the amount of the claimed debt originally certified and transferred to it by the department in excess of the amount of debt finally found to be due and owing.

(c) Following finalization of the setoff pursuant to subsection (b) of this Code section, the Administrative Office of the Courts shall transfer the funds to the court. Any funds so transferred by the Administrative Office of the Courts shall be disbursed by the court in the same manner as if such funds had been originally collected by such court without having resorted to collection under this article.

247 48-7-167.

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- When the setoff authorized by this article is exercised, the refund which is set off shall be deemed granted.
- 250 48-7-168.
- The department has priority pursuant to subsection (c) of Code Section 48-2-35 over every claimant agency and the Administrative Office of the Courts for collection by setoff under
- 254 48-7-169.

this article.

- The commissioner is authorized to prescribe forms and to promulgate rules and regulations which he <u>or she</u> deems necessary in order to effectuate this article.
- 257 48-7-170.
- 258 (a) Notwithstanding Code Section 48-7-60, which prohibits disclosure by the department 259 of the contents of taxpayer records or information, and notwithstanding any other 260 confidentiality statute, the commissioner may provide to a claimant agency or the 261 Administrative Office of the Courts all information necessary to accomplish and effectuate 262 the intent of this article.
 - (b) The information obtained by a claimant agency <u>or the Administrative Office of the Courts</u> from the department in accordance with this article shall retain its confidentiality and shall only be used by a claimant agency <u>or the Administrative Office of the Courts</u> in the pursuit of its debt collection duties and practices. Any employee or prior employee of any claimant agency <u>or the Administrative Office of the Courts</u> who unlawfully discloses

268	any such information for any other purpose, except as otherwise specifically authorized by
269	law, shall be subject to the same penalties specified by law for unauthorized disclosure of
270	confidential information by an agent or employee of the department."
271	SECTION 2.
272	This Act shall become effective on January 1, 2015.
273	SECTION 3.

All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.

LC 34 4260S

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